**Vocabulary**

**A** For each question, put a **cross (x)** **under the English meaning** that matches what you hear. You will hear each French word **twice.** Choose **one** correct answer only.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **A** | **B** | **C** | **D** |
| 1. | 23 | 30 | 3 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 2. | to travel | to work | to use | to watch |
|  |  |  |  |
| 3. | we | I | they | you (plural) |
|  |  |  |  |
| 4. | how | when | which | who |
|  |  |  |  |
| 5. | ideal | favourite | strong | nice |
|  |  |  |  |
| 6. | creative | boring | positive | hard-working |
|  |  |  |  |
| 7. | to give | to sing | to eat | to live |
|  |  |  |  |
| 8. | between | behind | where | in front |
|  |  |  |  |

**B**For each question, put a **cross (x)** under the **type of word** you hear.   
You will hear each French word **twice.** Choose **one** correct answer only.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **This word is a good example of …** | | | | |
|  | **A** | **B** | **C** | **D** |
| 1. | an object | a building | a month | a greeting |
| 2. | a day | a number | a question word | a part of the body |
| 3. | an animal | furniture | a person | personality |
| 4. | a part of the body | personality | an animal | a number |
| 5. | a person | an object | furniture | a month |
| 6. | description | a greeting | personality | an animal |
| 7. | a number | a part of the body | a month | a day |
| 8. | furniture | an object | a job | a greeting |

**C** **Translate** the **underlined French word** to complete each English sentence.

1. Il arrive **tôt**. He arrives **early**.

2. L’acteur a une **voiture chère**. The actor has an **expensive car.**

3. Il a la **tête ronde**. He has a **round head**.

4. Il y a **huit sacs** ? Are there **eight bags**?

5. C’est un **bon spectacle.** It is a **good show**.

6. Vous êtes **souvent ensemble.** You (all) are **often together**.

7. Il a beaucoup de **bâtiments** ? Are there lots of **buildings**?.

8. Il y a **des** **femmes.**  There are **some women**.

9. C’est un **nouveau message.** It is a **new message.**

10. Madame Pau est **trop travailleuse**. Mrs Pau is **too hard-working**.

**D Translate** the **underlined English words** to complete the French sentence.

1. He has **a** big **dog.** Il a **un** grand **chien**. (write **two** words)

2. It is **a** difficult **thing**. C’est **une chose** difficile. (write **two** words)

3. The hotel is **in front of** the cinema. L’hôtel est **devant** le cinéma. (write **one** word)

4. He has a **red bed**. Il a un **lit rouge**. (write **two** words)

5. Madame Pau is **curious**. Mrs Pau is **curieuse**. (write **one** word)

6. The **bridge** is **useful**. Le **pont** est **utile**. (write **two** words)

7. The (male) teacher is **creative.** Le professeur est **créatif**. (write **one** word)

8. I don’t like **rules**. Je n’aime pas les **règles**. (write **one** word)

9. **When** is it? **Thursday**? C’est **quand** ? **Le jeudi** ? (write **two** words)

10. **Yes**, he speaks **German**! **Oui**, il parle **allemand**! (write **two** words)

**Total marks available (Vocabulary): 50**

**Grammar**

**A** Put a (X) next to the person the sentence is about.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | I  you [singular]  s/he  we  you [plural]  they | …est calme. |  | **4** | I  you [singular]  s/he  we  you [plural]  they | …avez une réponse. |
| **2** | I  you [singular]  s/he  we  you [plural]  they | …ont une question. |  | **5** | I  you [singular]  s/he  we  you [plural]  they | … sommes ici. |
| **3** | I  you [singular]  s/he  we  you [plural]  they | …es malade. |  | **6** | I  you [singular]  s/he  we  you [plural]  they | …ai un jeu. |

**B Put a** **cross (x)** next to the correct start of each sentence.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | Ils …  Elles … | **sont dangereuses.** |
| 2. | Ils …  Elles … | **sont excellents.** |

**C Write** the words in each box in the **correct order**.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | texte  intéressant  un | Correct order: **un texte intéressant** |
| 2. | ville  grande  une | Correct order: **une grande ville** |

**D Write** the words in each box in the **correct order** to make a question.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | a  quoi  elle | Correct order: **Elle a quoi ?** |
| 2. | tu  qui  es | Correct order: **Tu es qui ?** |

**E** Write the French for the English given in brackets. Use the clues to help you.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | **Clues** |
| 1. | Tu **as** un cahier (avoir) | **to have** *= avoir* |
| 2. | Je **suis** à l’école. (am) | **to be** *= être* |
| 3. | Elles **sont** là. (are) | **to be** *= être* |
| 4. | Vous **êtes** positifs. (are) | **to be** *= être* |
| 5. | Ils **ont** une idée. (have) | **to have** *= avoir* |
| 6. | Nous **avons** des crayons. (have) | **to have** *= avoir* |

**F** Write the French article ‘the’. The gender (and number) of the noun is provided.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. | **Le** café (m) moderne. |
| 2. | **Les** yeux (mpl) bleus. |
| 3. | **La** personne (f) forte. |

**G** Write the French article ‘a’ or ‘some’. The gender (and number) of the noun is provided.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. | Il a **une** université. (f) |
| 2. | Il y a **des** télévisions. (fpl) |
| 3. | C’est **un** parc. (m) |

**H** Write ‘quel’ or ‘quelle’. The gender of the noun is provided.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. | Vous êtes dans **quelle** ville (f) ? |
| 2. | C’est **quel** sport (m) ? |

**Total marks available (Grammar): 26**